This form is issued under authority of P.A. 415 of 1994. Filing is mandatory.

#### PROPERTY TRANSFER AFFIDAVIT

This form must be filed whenever real estate or some types of personal property are transferred (even if you are not recording a deed). It is used by the assessor to ensure the property is assessed properly and receives the correct taxable value. It must be filed by the new owner with the assessor for the city or township where the property is located within 45 days of the transfer. If it is not filed timely, a penalty of \$5/day (maximum \$200) applies. The information on this form is NOT CONFIDENTIAL.

Street Address of Property	2. County		4. Date of Transfer (or land contract was signed)
3. City /Township/Village of Real Estate	[	City Township Village	5. Purchase Price of Real Estate
6. Property Identification Number (PIN). If you don't have	/e a PIN, attach leg	al description.	<b>PIN.</b> This number ranges from 10 to 25 digits. It usually includes hypens and sometimes includes letters. It is on the property tax bill and on the assessment notice.
7. Seller's (Transferor) Name		8. Buyer's (Transfere	ee) Name and Mailing Address
Items 9 - 13 are optional. However, by cor them you may avoid further corresponder			<del></del>
Transfers include deeds, land contracts, tra trusts or wills, certain long-termleases and business. See the back for a complete list.	nsfers involving	9. Type of <i>Transfer</i> Land Contra  Deed	_
10. Is the transfer between related per	sons?	☐ Yes ☐ No	11. Amount of Down Payment
12. If you financed the purchase, did you pay market rate of interest	?	Yes No	13. Amount Financed (Borrowed)
transfer to effect the foreclosure or for transfer by redemption from a tax sale transfer into a trust where the settlor of the trust transfer resulting from a court order untransfer creating or ending a joint own transfer to establish or release a securi transfer of real estate through normal transfer between entities under common transfer resulting from transactions that	be adjusted by the re exempt from a 211.27a(7)(a-m). Emption, your assign pouse or include a spour abject to a life least feiture of real properties the order spour assign fat least of the terms of the settlor's spour and the settlor's applies the order spour assign fat least of the settlor's collater public trading of the settlor or among the	the assessor in the adjustment. Below adjustment. Below If you believe this sessor may request use use ase or life estate (use operty ouse conveys property one person is an orderal) astocks ong members of an	following year to 50 percent of the property's ware brief descriptions of the types of exempt is transfer is exempt, indicate below the type of more information to support your claim.  Intil the the life lease or life estate expires)  Inty to the trust and is also the sole beneficiary of payment riginal owner of the property (or his/her spouse)  In affiliated group
other, specify:			
I certify that the information above is	true and comp	olete to the best	of my knowledge.
Owner's Signature	Date	If signer is other	r than the owner, print name and title.

# **Instructions**

This form must be filed when there is a transfer of real property or one of the following types of personal property:

- · buildings on leased land.
- leasehold improvements (as defined in MCL Section 211.8(h)).
- leasehold estates (as defined in MCL Section 211.8(i) and (j)).

Transfer of ownership means the conveyance of title to or a present interest in property, including the beneficial use of the property. It includes, but is not limited to, the following conveyances:

- · deed.
- land contract.
- transfer into a trust, *unless* the sole beneficiary is the settlor (creator of the trust), the settlor's spouse, or both.
- transfer from a trust, unless the distributee is the sole present beneficiary, the spouse of the sole present beneficiary, or both.
- changes in the sole present beneficiary of a trust, *unless* the change only adds or substitutes the spouse of the sole present beneficiary.
- distributions by a will or intestate succession, unless to the decedent's spouse.
- leases, if the total duration of the lease is more than 35 years, including the initial term and all options for renewal, or if the lease grants the lessee the right to purchase the property at the end of the lease for not more than 80 percent of the property's projected true cash value at the end of the lease. This only applies to the portion of the property subject to the lease described above.
- transfers of more than a 50 percent interest in the ownership of a business, unless the ownership is gained through the normal public trading of shares of stock.
- transfers of property held as a tenancy in common, except the portion of the property not subject to the ownership interest conveyed.
- a conveyance of an ownership interest in a cooperative housing corporation, except that portion of the property not subject to the ownership interest conveyed.

For complete descriptions of qualifying transfers, please refer to MCL Section 211.27a(6)(a - j).

# Excerpts from Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL), Chapter 211

## Section 211.27a(8)

"... the buyer, grantee, or other transferee of the property shall notify the appropriate assessing office in the local unit of government in which the property is located of the transfer of ownership of the property within 45 days of the transfer of ownership, on a form prescribed by the state tax commission that states the parties to the transfer, the date of the transfer, the actual consideration for the transfer, and the property's parcel identification number or legal description."

### Section 211,27(5)

"Beginning December 31, 1994, the purchase price paid in a transfer of property is not the presumptive true cash value of the property transferred. In determining the true cash value of transferred property, an assessing officer shall assess that property using the same valuation method used to value all other property of that same classification in the assessing jurisdiction."